

June 28, 2024

Mr. Juan Millan Acting General Counsel Office of the United States Trade Representative 600 17<sup>th</sup> Street N.W. Washington, DC 20508

**RE:** Request for Comments on Section 301 China Tariff Modifications (Docket Number USTR-2024-0007)

Dear Mr. Millan:

On behalf of the undersigned members of Americans for Free Trade, we respectfully submit the following comments regarding the proposed modifications to the ongoing Section 301 China tariff actions. The Section 301 China tariffs have failed to achieve their stated goal, and we do not believe the modified tariffs will help to achieve this goal either. We urge the administration to eliminate these tariffs, especially on consumer goods, which only increase prices on American companies, workers, and consumers.

By way of background, <u>Americans for Free Trade</u> represents every part of the U.S. economy including manufacturers, farmers and agribusinesses, powersports, retailers, technology companies, service suppliers, natural gas and oil companies, importers, exporters, and other supply chain stakeholders. Collectively, we employ tens of millions of Americans through our vast supply chains.

For more than five years, AFT has called for an end to the Section 301 tariffs which have had a disproportionate economic impact on American companies, workers, and consumers. As we have stated and as USTR noted in its statutory four-year report<sup>2</sup>, the tariffs have failed to achieve their stated objective of changing China's use of unfair trade practices relating to intellectual property rights, forced technology transfers, and innovation. Continuing to double down on this failed approach will not produce different results.

Instead, we urge the administration to chart a new path forward to address the ongoing China trade issues. AFT proposed several alternatives in its comments to USTR as part of the four-year review, in addition to a strategic realignment of the tariffs to focus on the original intent of the

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Request for Comments on Proposed Modifications and Machinery Exclusion Process in Four-Year Review of Actions Taken in the Section 301 Investigation: China's Acts, Policies, and Practices Related to Technology Transfer, Intellectual Property, and Innovation, 89 Fed. Reg. 46,252 (May 28, 2024).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Four-Year Review of Actions Taken in the Section 301 Investigation: China's Acts, Policies, and Practices Related to Technology Transfer, Intellectual Property, and Innovation (May 14, 2024)



Section 301 investigation and achieve the necessary changes in China's behavior. Unfortunately, USTR did not consider any alternatives as part of the four-year report, and the proposed modifications will not achieve USTR's stated goal.

For example, the modifications include products such as ship to shore cranes (HTS 8426.19.00) which were excluded from the original 301 tariffs because there is no significant U.S. industry that can produce this key maritime equipment. The modifications also include increased tariffs on all lithium-ion non-electrical vehicle batteries (HTS 8507.60.0020), which will impact a wide range of consumer goods from outdoor power equipment to consumer electronics to toys but do nothing to change China's behavior.

According to U. S. Customs and Border Protection, importers have paid more than \$221 billion³ in Section 301 tariffs on covered products imported from China. These taxes continue to create tremendous uncertainty, increase the cost of doing business in the United States, and place a financial burden on American businesses – negatively impacting their ability to invest in their companies, hire more American workers, innovate new technologies, and remain competitive globally. Despite what some may say, the tariffs have had an impact on American consumers. While many companies have tried to absorb or offset the cost increases because of the tariffs, many have had to share the costs with final consumers.

As we stated in our comments<sup>4</sup> submitted for the four-year report:

- 1) The tariffs make U.S. manufacturers less competitive. While protecting domestic manufacturing was never the stated purpose of the section 301 tariffs, they have been harmful to manufacturers by taxing inputs they need to produce more products domestically. Many of these companies are not able to find alternate markets to purchase their inputs, even from U.S. manufacturers. The section 301 tariffs have harmed, and continue to harm, U.S. manufacturers and make them less competitive vis-à-vis their competitors and China.
- 2) Tariffs increase costs for American consumers and contribute to inflation. Despite what the proponents of the tariffs say, the tariffs do have a very real impact on inflation when they artificially cause prices to remain high. Time and again, we have heard from businesses of all kinds that they were forced to pass along the increased costs associated with the section 301 tariffs directly to their customers.
- 3) Tariffs disproportionately harm low-income American families. Tariffs harm American families by raising prices on consumer products, and this is felt most acutely

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> CBP Trade Statistics - https://www.cbp.gov/newsroom/stats/trade

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> AFT Comments to USTR on Four Year Review - <a href="https://americansforfreetrade.com/wp-content/uploads/2024/04/AFT-USTR-301-Review-Comments-011723-Final.pdf">https://americansforfreetrade.com/wp-content/uploads/2024/04/AFT-USTR-301-Review-Comments-011723-Final.pdf</a>



by low-income families. A <u>report</u><sup>5</sup> by the Progressive Policy Institute found that tariffs on consumer goods are discriminatory and regressive because low-income Americans are disproportionately impacted by these tariffs, especially single-parent families and people of color.

As we have repeatedly asked USTR and Biden-Harris administration, the U.S. needs a clear and transparent China trade strategy that addresses the ongoing underlying unfair trade practices. This strategy cannot solely rely on tariffs as the only tool, especially since they have not worked.

AFT continues to urge the following path forward:

- 1) Realign the Section 301 Tariffs The administration must strategically realign the tariffs away from consumer goods and manufacturing inputs and equipment that are currently unavailable in sufficient quantities from sources other than China. These tariffs continue to harm American companies and consumers.
- 2) <u>Create a New Exclusion Process</u> USTR must also include a new, fair, predictable, and transparent exclusion process available to all products subject to the 301 tariffs to ensure that American companies, their workers and their consumers are not unduly harmed. This must go beyond the limited exclusion process offered for just machinery for U.S. manufacturing.
- 3) <u>Use Targeted Tools to Hold Bad Actors Accountable</u> There are ongoing discussions about what tools other than tariffs can be used to achieve success regarding China's unfair practices. USTR has discussed other "tools in the toolbox" and potentially the development of "new tools" but has stopped short of articulating what those might be. We believe these discussions are incredibly important and need to continue, with stakeholder input. We need to find the right set of tools that address China's unfair trade practices in a targeted way without causing disproportionate economic harm to American businesses, workers, and consumers.
- 4) Support U.S. Supply Chain Resiliency and Competitiveness by Partnering with Allies AFT continues to call upon the administration to work with allies to address China's unfair trade practices. This includes work at the G-20, G-7, World Trade Organization, the Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC) forum, and other multilateral and regional institutions. The U.S. can be much more effective in addressing China's unfair trade practices by working in concert with allies.
- 5) <u>Support Efforts on Supply Chain Diversification</u> Congress and the Biden-Harris administration should support the U.S. business community's efforts to further diversify supply chains. This includes developing an offensive trade agenda that supports supply

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Progressive Policy Institute Report - <u>Trade Policy, Equity, and the Working Poor: United States MFN</u> Tariffs are Regressive Taxes Which Help Few Workers and Harm Many (4/19/22)

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chain diversification and ensures the U.S. does not cede global economic influence and international rulemaking to China. This should include seeking new free trade agreements with our allies that include tariff reduction and market access considerations. USTR should support efforts in Congress to quickly retroactively renew expired trade preference programs including the Generalized System of Preferences (GSP), which provide sourcing alternatives to China, as well as the Miscellaneous Tariff Program (MTB), which provides temporary duty benefits for U.S. manufacturers and businesses. This should also include renewal of preference programs that are set to expire such as the African Growth and Opportunity Act (AGOA) and the Haiti Economic Lift Program Extension (HELP) Act/Haitian Hemisphere Opportunity through Partnership Encouragement (HOPE) Act.

#### Conclusion

We strongly urge USTR and the administration to reevaluate the proposed modifications to the Section 301 China tariffs, including the decision to maintain current tariffs on non-strategic goods, like consumer products. We appreciate the opportunity to provide these comments to USTR.

### Sincerely,

Accessories Council ACT | The App Association Advanced Power Alliance Agriculture Transportation Coalition (AgTC) Alliance for Chemical Distribution (ACD) ALMA, International (Association of Loudspeaker Manufacturing and Acoustics) American Apparel & Footwear Association (AAFA) American Association of Exporters and

Importers (AAEI) American Association of Port Authorities

American Bakers Association

American Bridal & Prom Industry Association (ABPIA)

American Clean Power Association American Down and Feather Council American Fly Fishing Trade Association American Home Furnishings Alliance American Lighting Association American Petroleum Institute American Pyrotechnics Association American Rental Association

American Specialty Toy Retailing Association

American Trucking Association Arizona Technology Council

Arkansas Grocers and Retail Merchants Association

**Association For Creative Industries** Association for PRINT Technologies Association of American Publishers

Association of Equipment Manufacturers (AEM) Association of Home Appliance Manufacturers

**Auto Care Association** Autos Drive America Bay Area Council Beer Institute

**Building Service Contractors Association** International (BSCAI)

Business Alliance for Customs Modernization

California Retailers Association

CAWA - Representing the Automotive Parts Industry

Chamber of Marine Commerce

Chemical Industry Council of Delaware (CICD)

Coalition of New England Companies for

Trade (CONECT)

Coalition of Services Industries (CSI)

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Colorado Retail Council

Columbia River Customs Brokers and Forwarders Assn.

Computer & Communications Industry Association (CCIA)

Consumer Brands Association

Consumer Technology Association

Council of Fashion Designers of America (CFDA)

CropLife America

Customs Brokers & Freight Forwarders Assn. of Washington State

Customs Brokers & Freight Forwarders of Northern California

**Electronic Transactions Association** 

Energy Workforce & Technology Council

**Experiential Designers and Producers** 

Association

Exhibitions & Conferences Alliance

Fashion Accessories Shippers Association (FASA)

Fashion Jewelry & Accessories Trade Association

Flexible Packaging Association

Florida Ports Council Florida Retail Federation

Footwear Distributors and Retailers of America (FDRA)

Fragrance Creators Association

Game Manufacturers Association

Gemini Shippers Association

Georgia Retailers

Global Business Alliance

Global Chamber®

Global Cold Chain Alliance Greeting Card Association

Halloween & Costume Association (HCA)

Home Fashion Products Association

Home Furnishings Association

Household and Commercial Products

Association

Housing Affordability Coalition

Idaho Retailers Association

Illinois Retail Merchants Association

Independent Office Products & Furniture Dealers Association (IOPFDA)

Indiana Retail Council

Information Technology Industry Council (ITI)

International Bottled Water Association (IBWA)

International Foodservice Distributors Association

International Housewares Association

International Warehouse and Logistics Association

International Wood Products Association

ISSA - The Worldwide Cleaning Industry Association

Juice Products Association (JPA)

Juvenile Products Manufacturers Association

Leather and Hide Council of America

Licensing Industry Merchandisers' Association

Los Angeles Customs Brokers and Freight Forwarders Assn.

Louisiana Retailers Association

Maine Grocers & Food Producers Association

Maine Lobster Dealers' Association

Maritime Exchange for the Delaware River and Bay

Maryland Retailers Association

MEMA, The Vehicle Suppliers Association

Michigan Chemistry Council Michigan Retailers Association Minnesota Retailers Association

Missouri Retailers Association Motorcycle Industry Council

NAPIM (National Association of Printing Ink

Manufacturers)

National Association of Foreign-Trade Zones (NAFTZ)

National Association of Home Builders National Association of Music Merchants

National Association of Trailer Manufacturers (NATM)

National Confectioners Association National Council of Chain Restaurants

National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA)

National Fisheries Institute National Foreign Trade Council National Grocers Association

National Industrial Transportation League (NITL)

National Lumber and Building Material

**Dealers Association** 

National Marine Manufacturers Association

National Restaurant Association

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National Retail Federation

National Ski & Snowboard Retailers

Association

National Sporting Goods Association

Natural Products Association

New Jersey Retail Merchants Association

North American Association of Food

Equipment Manufacturers (NAFEM)

North American Association of Uniform

Manufacturers and Distributors (NAUMD)

North Carolina Retail Merchants Association

Ohio Council of Retail Merchants

**Outdoor Industry Association** 

Pacific Coast Council of Customs Brokers and

Freight Forwarders Assns. Inc.

Pennsylvania Retailers' Association

**PeopleforBikes** 

Personal Care Products Council

Pet Food Institute

Pet Advocacy Network

Plumbing Manufacturers International

Power Tool Institute (PTI)

PRINTING United Alliance

Promotional Products Association International

Recreational Off-Highway Vehicle Association

Retail Association of Maine

Retail Council of New York State

Retail Industry Leaders Association

Retailers Association of Massachusetts

RISE (Responsible Industry for a Sound

**Environment**)

**RV** Industry Association

San Diego Customs Brokers and Forwarders

Assn.

Semiconductor Industry Association (SIA)

**Snowsports Industries America** 

Society of Chemical Manufacturers & Affiliates

Software & Information Industry Association (SIIA)

South Dakota Retailers Association

Specialty Equipment Market Association

Specialty Vehicle Institute of America

Sports & Fitness Industry Association

**TechNet** 

Technology Trade Regulation Alliance (TTRA)

Telecommunications Industry Association (TIA)

Texas Retailers Association

Texas Water Infrastructure Network

The Airforwarders Association

The Fertilizer Institute

The Transportation Alliance

The Vinyl Institute

**Toy Association** 

**Travel Goods Association** 

Truck & Engine Manufacturers Association (EMA)

United States Council for International Business

United States Fashion Industry Association

US Global Value Chain Coalition

**US-China Business Council** 

Virginia Association of Chain Drug Stores

Virginia Retail Federation

Virginia-DC District Export Council (VA-DC DEC)

Washington Retail Association

Water Quality Association

Window and Door Manufacturers Association

Workplace Solutions Association

World Pet Association, Inc. (WPA)